

Twitter, and Processing

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FourEyes Lab

Why Twitter?

- News, Gossips, Conversations, Movements, Ads and Spams..
- Public Access
- Rich Metadata

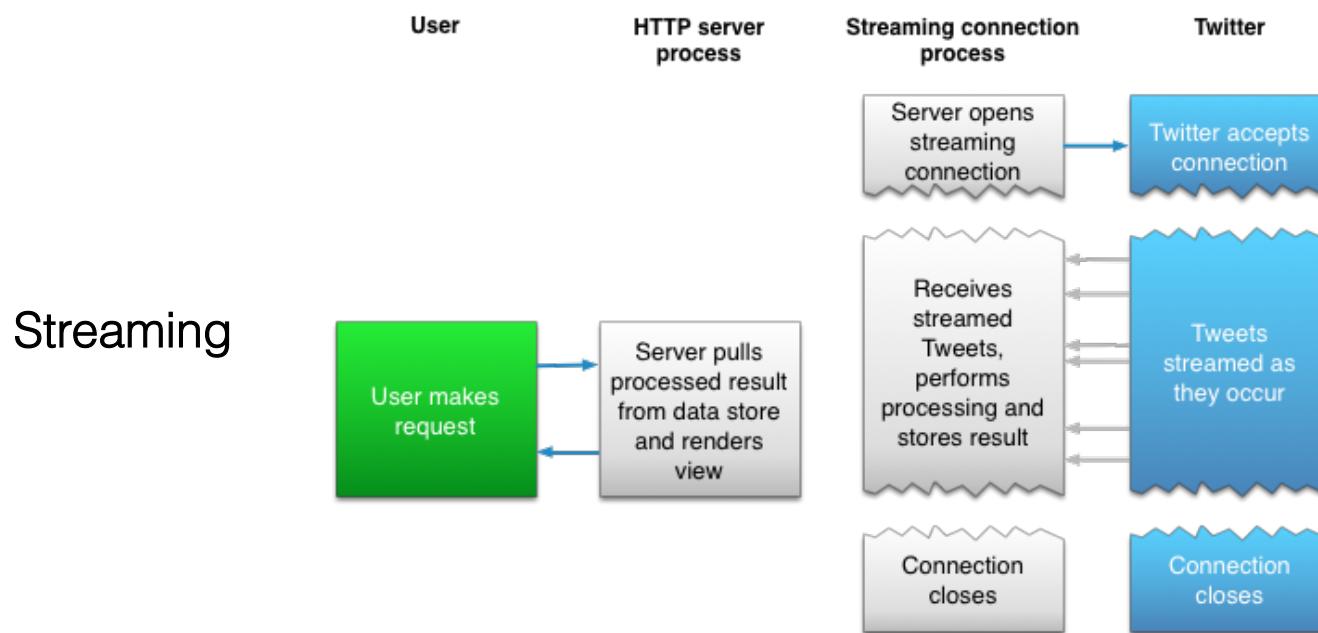
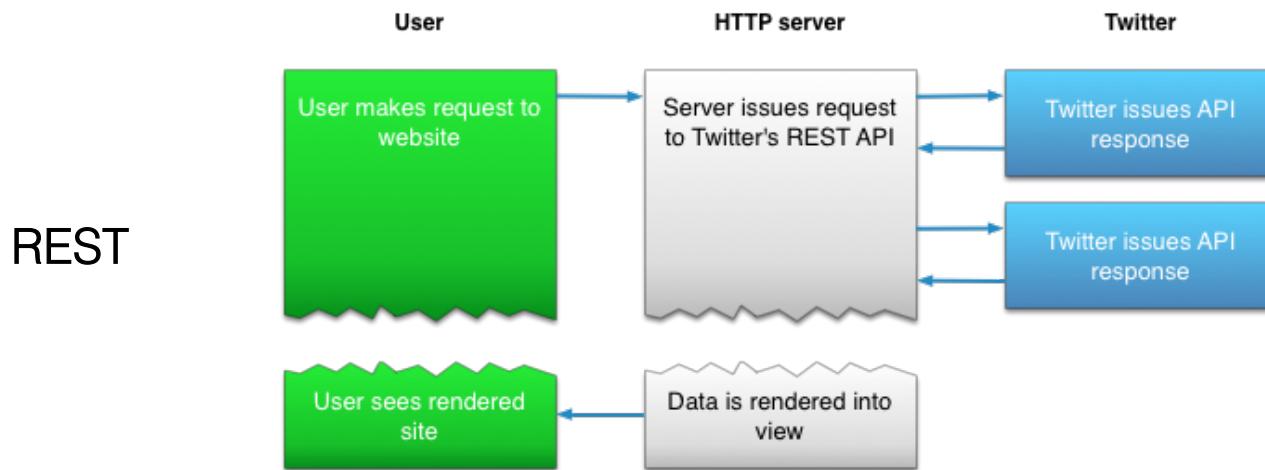
API?

- Application Programming Interface

specifies how some software components should interact with each other

Twitter API - REST / Streaming

- REST v.s. Streaming



Then, how to get those tweets on
your Processing project?

Work flow

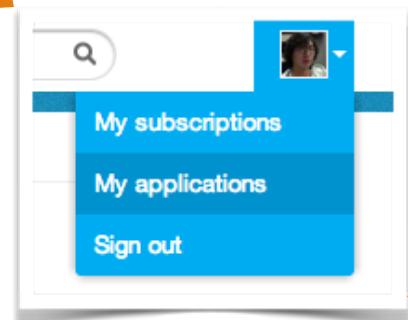
1. Create your **account**, and get the auth **keys / tokens**
2. Download Java library “**twitter4j**”
3. Open a **new sketchbook**
4. **Copy jar** files under __your_project__/code folder
5. **Code!**

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oAuth: Authentication for Twitter API

dev.twitter.com



Create New App

The screenshot shows the 'Create an application' form. It has sections for 'Application details' (Name: ' ', Description: ' ', Website: ' ', Application description: ' '), 'Callback URL' (URL: 'http://www.google.com'), and 'Developer Rules of the Road'. At the bottom, there's a checkbox for 'I agree' and a button to 'Create your Twitter application'.

key &
token

```
OAuthConsumerKey = "HaY0Rkp*****sZZYgKg";
OAuthConsumerSecret = "5FC08pV2BV7*****fu6cp0vYWt2ncJts";
AccessToken = "3621*****_*****7eSU3YGa7d4AKSqGFkRDF76o";
AccessTokenSecret = "H7lvKFPBwN*****1UaAM60w9t2hY";
```

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FAQ
Powered By Twitter4J



TWITTER4J

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<http://twitter4j.org/>

Introduction

Twitter4J is an unofficial Java library for the Twitter API.

With Twitter4J, you can easily integrate your Java application with the Twitter service. Twitter4J is an unofficial library.

Twitter4J is featuring:

- ✓ 100% Pure Java - works on any Java Platform version 5 or later
- ✓ [Android](#) platform and [Google App Engine](#) ready
- ✓ Zero dependency : No additional jars required
- ✓ Built-in OAuth support
- ✓ Out-of-the-box gzip support
- ✓ 100% Twitter API 1.1 compatible

System Requirements

OS: Windows or any flavor of Unix that supports Java.

JVM: Java 5 or later

How To Use

Just add twitter4j-core-3.0.5.jar to your application classpath.

If you are familiar with Java language, looking into the [JavaDoc](#) should be the shortest way for you to get started.

twitter4j.Twitter interface is the one you may want to look first.

Download

- Latest stable version



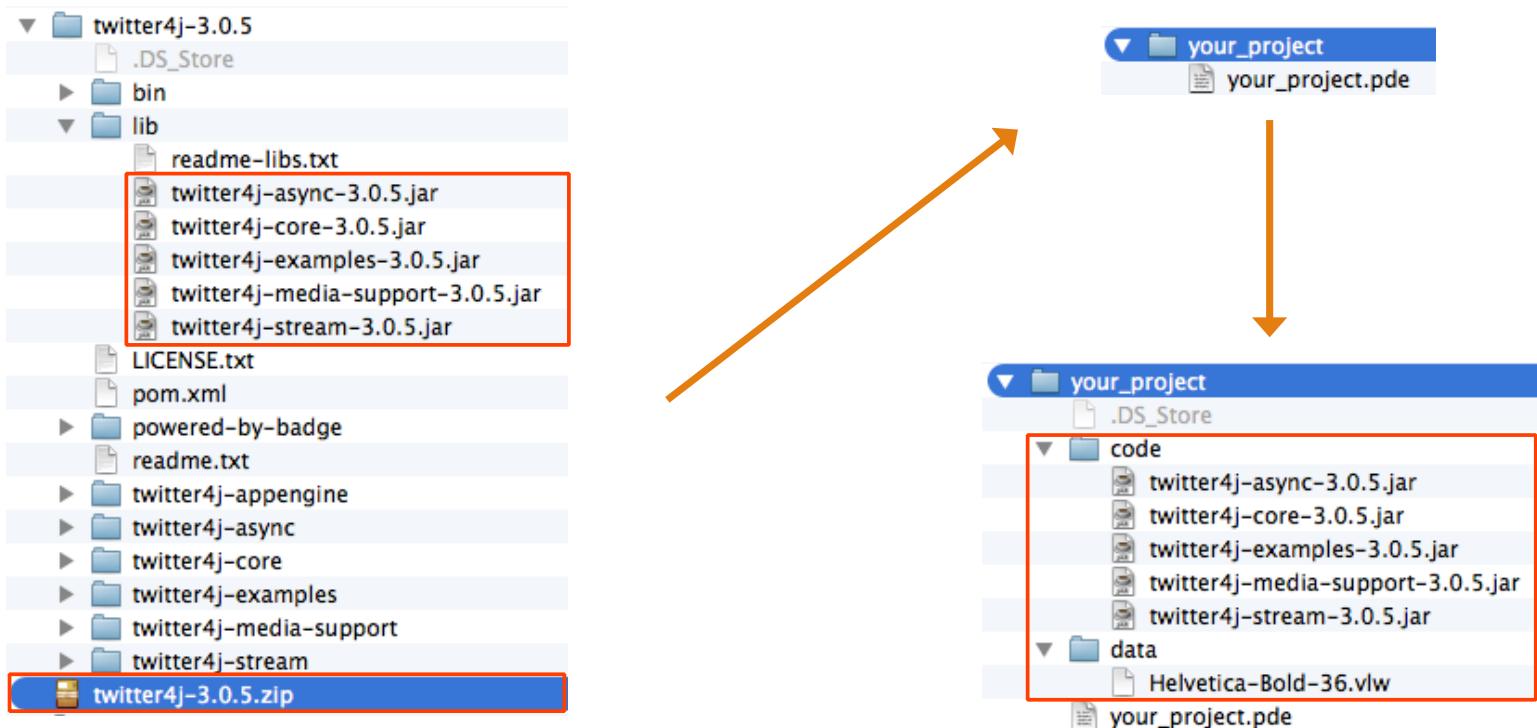
[twitter4j-3.0.5.zip](#) ([JavaDoc](#) / [Migration guide from 2.1.x to 2.2.x](#))

[twitter4j-android-3.0.5.zip](#)(Regular version got slimmed down from version 3.0.3. Thus build for Android platform was retired. Use regular version instead.)

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Open a new sketch



Caveat!

Track examples:

Parameter value	Will match...	Will not match...
Twitter	TWITTER twitter "Twitter" twitter. #twitter @twitter http://twitter.com	TwitterTracker #newtwitter
Twitter's	I like Twitter's new design	Someday I'd like to visit @Twitter's office
twitter api,twitter streaming	The Twitter API is awesome The twitter streaming service is fast Twitter has a streaming API	I'm new to Twitter
example.com	Someday I will visit example.com	There is no example.com/foobarbaz
example.com/foobarbaz	example.com/foobarbaz www.example.com/foobarbaz	example.com
www.example.com/foobarbaz		www.example.com/foobarbaz
example com	example.com www.example.com foo.example.com foo.example.com/bar I hope my startup isn't merely another example of a dot com boom!	

Check out the doc

- [https://dev.twitter.com/docs/streaming-apis/
parameters#delimited](https://dev.twitter.com/docs/streaming-apis/parameters#delimited)

Good Tutorials

- Popular (deprecated)
 - <http://blog.blprnt.com/blog/blprnt/updated-quick-tutorial-processing-twitter>
- Recent one:
 - <http://codasign.com/tutorials/processing-and-twitter-searching-twitter-for-tweets/>

REST API

```
Twitter twitter;
String searchString = "valentines";
List<Status> tweets; // message container
int pointer; // pointer (index)

void setup(){
    // canvas setup
    size(width, height);

    // authentication
    ConfigurationBuilder cb = new ConfigurationBuilder();
    cb.setOAuthConsumerKey("____your_key____");
    cb.setOAuthConsumerSecret("____your_secret____");
    cb.setOAuthAccessToken("*****_*****");
    cb.setOAuthAccessTokenSecret("*****_*****");

    TwitterFactory tf = new TwitterFactory(cb.build());
    twitter = tf.getInstance();
    getNewTweets();
    thread("refreshTweets"); // refresh container
    pointer = 0;
}
```

```
void draw(){
    pointer += 1;
    if (pointer >= tweets.size()){
        pointer = 0; // back to the first message (pointer reset)
    }

    Status status = tweets.get(pointer);
    fill(200); // txt color
    text(status.getText(), random(width), random(height), 300, 200);
}

void getNewTweets(){
    Query query = new Query(searchString);
    QueryResult result = twitter.search(query);
    tweets = result.getTweets();
}

void refreshTweets(){
    while (true){
        getNewTweets();
        delay(30000); // every thirty second
    }
}
```

Streaming API

```
// OAuth Tokens and keys
static String OAuthConsumerKey = "*****";
static String OAuthConsumerSecret = "*****";
static String AccessToken = "*****_*****";
static String AccessTokenSecret = "*****";

String keywords[] = { "__keyword__" };
ArrayList twArray = new ArrayList(); // Tweet Bucket
int w = width; // width
int h = height; // height

////////////////// TWITTER API BEGIN ///////////////////
// Create Twitter instance
TwitterStream twitter = new TwitterStreamFactory().getInstance();

void connectTwitter() {
    twitter.setOAuthConsumer(OAuthConsumerKey, OAuthConsumerSecret);
    AccessToken accessToken = loadAccessToken();
    twitter.setOAuthAccessToken(accessToken);
}

private static AccessToken loadAccessToken() {
    return new AccessToken(AccessToken, AccessTokenSecret);
}

StatusListener listener = new StatusListener() {
    public void onStatus(Status status) {
        __FUNCTION__(status);
    }

    public void onDeletionNotice(StatusDeletionNotice statusDeletionNotice) { }
    public void onTrackLimitationNotice(int numberOfLimitedStatuses) { }
    public void onScrubGeo(long userId, long upToStatusId) { }

    public void onException(Exception ex) {
        ex.printStackTrace();
    }
};

void setup() {
    // initialize Twitter Stream session
    connectTwitter();
    twitter.addListener(listener); // start another thread

    if (keywords.length==0) twitter.sample(); // no keyword
    else twitter.filter(new FilterQuery().track(keywords)); // keyword given
}

void __FUNCTION__ (Status s)
{
    ... YOUR CODE ...

    twArray.add(new Tweet( X, Y, Z, ... )); // ==> MAKE Tweet CLASS
}

void draw() {
    LOAD DATA FROM twArray
}
```